

# DRAFT PERMIT

# DRAFT PERMIT #77575 PLACE ID #2321

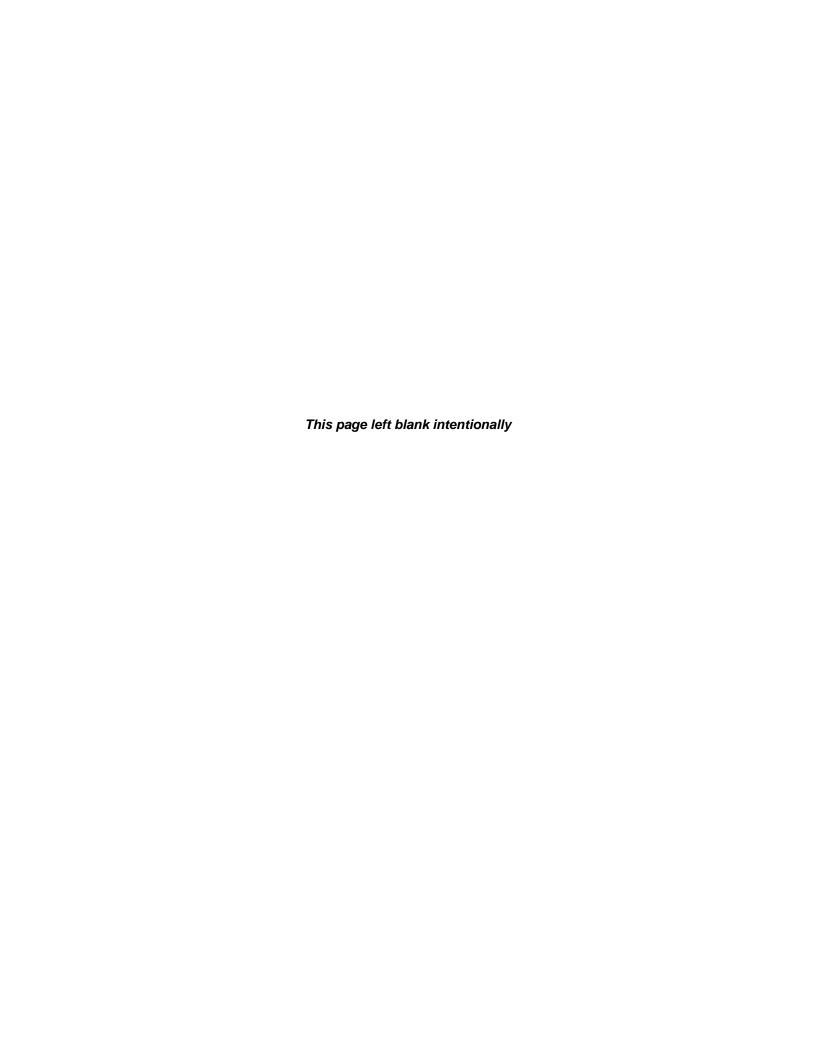
PERMITTEE: El Paso Natural Gas Company FACILITY: Williams Compressor Station PERMIT TYPE: Class I Air Quality Permit

#### **SUMMARY**

This Class I, Title V renewal permit is issued to El Paso Natural Gas Company for the operation of the Williams compressor station in Williams, Coconino County, Arizona. This permit supersedes and renews Operating Permit No. 60997. The purpose of the compressor station is to facilitate the transportation of natural gas through an interstate pipeline by increasing the pressure of the gas. The facility consists of five (5) natural gas fired reciprocating engines and one (1) natural gas fired turbine that drive the compressor units. Purchased power is the primary source of electric power. The Solar turbine engine provides supplemental electrical power to the compressor station. An Ingersoll-Rand emergency generator provides emergency power supply during outages.

The facility is classified as a major source pursuant to A.A.C. R18-2-101(75) because it has the potential to emit more than the major source thresholds of nitrogen oxides (NOx), carbon monoxide (CO), and volatile organic compounds (VOCs). The facility has a PTE of more than 10 tons of formaldehyde in one year. Thus, the facility is a major source of hazardous air pollutants (HAPs).

This permit is issued in accordance with Title 49, Chapter 3 of the Arizona Revised Statutes. All definitions, terms, and conditions used in this permit conform to those in the Arizona Administrative Code R18-2-101 et. seq. (A.A.C.) and Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR), except as otherwise defined in this permit. All terms and conditions in this permit are enforceable by the Administrator of the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency.





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### ATTACHMENT "A": GENERAL PROVISIONS

### I. PERMIT EXPIRATION AND RENEWAL

**A.** This permit is valid for a period of five (5) years from the date of issuance.

[ARS § 49-426.F, A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.1]

**B.** The Permittee shall submit an application for renewal of this permit at least six (6) months, but not more than eighteen (18) months, prior to the date of permit expiration.

[A.A.C. R18-2-304.D.2]

## II. COMPLIANCE WITH PERMIT CONDITIONS

A. The Permittee shall comply with all conditions of this permit including all applicable requirements of the Arizona Revised Statutes (A.R.S.) Title 49, Chapter 3, and the air quality rules under Title 18, Chapter 2 of the Arizona Administrative Code. Any permit noncompliance is grounds for enforcement action; for permit termination, revocation and reissuance, revision; or for denial of a permit renewal application. In addition, noncompliance with any federally enforceable requirement constitutes a violation of the Clean Air Act.

[A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.8.a]

**B.** It shall not be a defense for a Permittee in an enforcement action that it would have been necessary to halt or reduce the permitted activity in order to maintain compliance with the conditions of this permit.

[A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.8.b]

# III. PERMIT REVISION, REOPENING, REVOCATION AND REISSUANCE, OR TERMINATION FOR CAUSE

**A.** The permit may be revised, reopened, revoked and reissued, or terminated for cause. The filing of a request by the Permittee for a permit revision, revocation and reissuance, termination, or of a notification of planned changes or anticipated noncompliance does not stay any permit condition.

[A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.8.c]

- **B.** The permit shall be reopened and revised under any of the following circumstances:
  - 1. Additional applicable requirements under the Clean Air Act become applicable to the Class I source. Such a reopening shall only occur if there are three or more years remaining in the permit term. The reopening shall be completed no later than 18 months after promulgation of the applicable requirement. No such reopening is required if the effective date of the requirement is later than the date on which the permit is due to expire, unless the original permit or any of it terms and conditions has been extended pursuant to A.A.C. R18-2-322.B. Any permit revision required pursuant to this subparagraph shall comply with the provisions in A.A.C. R18-2-322 for permit renewal and shall reset the five-year permit term; [A.A.C. R18-2-321.A.1.a]
  - 2. Additional requirements, including excess emissions requirements, become applicable to an affected source under the acid rain program. Upon approval by



the Administrator, excess emissions offset plans shall be deemed to be incorporated into the Class I permit;

[A.A.C. R18-2-321.A.1.b]

3. The Director or the Administrator determines that the permit contains a material mistake or that inaccurate statements were made in establishing the emissions standards or other terms or conditions of the permit; and

[A.A.C. R18-2-321.A.1.c]

4. The Director or the Administrator determines that the permit needs to be revised or revoked to assure compliance with the applicable requirements.

[A.A.C. R18-2-321.A.1.d]

C. Proceedings to reopen and issue a permit, including appeal of any final action relating to a permit reopening, shall follow the same procedures as apply to initial permit issuance and shall, except for reopenings under Condition III.B.1 above, affect only those parts of the permit for which cause to reopen exists. Such reopening shall be made as expeditiously as practicable. Permit reopenings for reasons other than those stated in Condition III.B.1 above shall not result in a resetting of the five-year permit term.

[A.A.C. R18-2-321.A.2]

### IV. POSTING OF PERMIT

- A. The Permittee shall post this permit or a certificate of permit issuance at the facility in such a manner as to be clearly visible and accessible. All equipment covered by this permit shall be clearly marked with one of the following:
  - 1. Current permit number; or
  - 2. Serial number or other equipment identification number (equipment ID number) that is also listed in the permit to identify that piece of equipment.

[A.A.C. R18-2-315.A]

**B.** A copy of the complete permit shall be kept on site.

[A.A.C. R18-2-315.B]

#### V. FEE PAYMENT

The Permittee shall pay fees to the Director pursuant to ARS § 49-426(E) and A.A.C. R18-2-326. [A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.9 and -326]

# VI. ANNUAL EMISSION INVENTORY QUESTIONNAIRE

A. The Permittee shall complete and submit to the Director an annual emissions inventory questionnaire. The questionnaire is due by March 31<sup>st</sup> or ninety (90) days after the Director makes the inventory form available each year, whichever occurs later, and shall include emission information for the previous calendar year.

[A.A.C. R18-2-327.A]

**B.** The questionnaire shall be on a form provided by the Director and shall include the information required by A.A.C. R18-2-327.B.

[A.A.C. R18-2-327.B]



# VII. COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATION

A. The Permittee shall submit a compliance certification to the Director semiannually, which describes the compliance status of the source with respect to each permit condition. The first certification shall be submitted no later than May 15<sup>th</sup>, and shall report the compliance status of the source during the period between October 1<sup>st</sup> of the previous year and March 31<sup>st</sup> of the current year. The second certification shall be submitted no later than November 15<sup>th</sup>, and shall report the compliance status of the source during the period between April 1<sup>st</sup> and September 30<sup>th</sup> of the current year.

[A.A.C. R18-2-309.2.a]

- **B.** The compliance certifications shall include the following:
  - 1. Identification of each term or condition of the permit that is the basis of the certification:

[A.A.C. R18-2-309.2.c.i]

- 2. Identification of the methods or other means used by the Permittee for determining the compliance status with each term and condition during the certification period, [A.A.C. R18-2-309.2c.ii]
- 3. Status of compliance with the terms and conditions of the permit for the period covered by the certification, including whether compliance during the period was continuous or intermittent. The certifications shall identify each deviation (including any deviations reported pursuant to Condition XI.B of this Attachment) during the period covered by the certification and take it into account for consideration in the compliance certification;

[A.A.C. R18-2-309.2.c.iii]

4. For emission units subject to 40 CFR Part 64, the certification shall also identify as possible exceptions to compliance any period during which compliance is required and in which an excursion or exceedance defined under 40 CFR Part 64 occurred;

[A.A.C. R18-2-309.2.c.iii]

5. Other facts the Director may require to determine the compliance status of the source.

[A.A.C. R18-2-309.2.c.iv]

- C. A copy of all compliance certifications shall also be submitted to the EPA Administrator. [A.A.C. R18-2-309.2.d]
- **D.** If any outstanding compliance schedule exists, a progress report shall be submitted with the semi-annual compliance certifications required in Condition VII.A above. The progress reports shall contain the information required by A.A.C R18-2-309.5.d.

[A.A.C. R18-2-309.5.d]

### VIII. CERTIFICATION OF TRUTH, ACCURACY AND COMPLETENESS

Any document required to be submitted by this permit, including reports, shall contain a certification by a responsible official of truth, accuracy, and completeness. This certification shall



state that, based on information and belief formed after reasonable inquiry, the statements and information in the document are true, accurate, and complete.

[A.A.C. R18-2-309.3]

#### IX. INSPECTION AND ENTRY

Upon presentation of proper credentials, the Permittee shall allow the Director or the authorized representative of the Director to:

- A. Enter upon the Permittee's premises where a source is located, emissions-related activity is conducted, or where records are required to be kept under the conditions of the permit;

  [A.A.C. R18-2-309.4.a]
- **B.** Have access to and copy, at reasonable times, any records that are required to be kept under the conditions of the permit;

[A.A.C. R18-2-309.4.b]

**C.** Inspect, at reasonable times, any facilities, equipment (including monitoring and air pollution control equipment), practices, or operations regulated or required under the permit;

[A.A.C. R18-2-309.4.c]

**D.** Sample or monitor, at reasonable times, substances or parameters for the purpose of assuring compliance with the permit or other applicable requirements; and

[A.A.C. R18-2-309.4.d]

**E.** Record any inspection by use of written, electronic, magnetic and photographic media. [A.A.C. R18-2-309.4.e]

# X. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE PROGRAM

If this source becomes subject to the provisions of 40 CFR Part 68, then the Permittee shall comply with these provisions according to the time line specified in 40 CFR Part 68.

[40 CFR Part 68]

### XI. EXCESS EMISSIONS, PERMIT DEVIATIONS, AND EMERGENCY REPORTING

**A.** Excess Emissions Reporting

[A.A.C. R18-2-310.01.A, B, and C]

- 1. Excess emissions shall be reported as follows:
  - a. The Permittee shall report to the Director any emissions in excess of the limits established by this permit. Such report shall be in two parts as specified below:
    - (1) Notification by telephone or facsimile within 24 hours of the time when the Permittee first learned of the occurrence of excess emissions including all available information from Condition XI.A.1.b below.



(2) Detailed written notification by submission of an excess emissions report within 72 hours of the notification pursuant to Condition XI.A.1.a(1) above.

[A.A.C. R18-2-310.01.A]

- b. The report shall contain the following information:
  - (1) Identity of each stack or other emission point where the excess emissions occurred:

[A.A.C. R18-2-310.01.B.1]

(2) Magnitude of the excess emissions expressed in the units of the applicable emission limitation and the operating data and calculations used in determining the magnitude of the excess emissions:

[A.A.C. R18-2-310.01.B.2]

- (3) Time and duration, or expected duration, of the excess emissions; [A.A.C. R18-2-310.01.B.3]
- (4) Identity of the equipment from which the excess emissions emanated;

[A.A.C. R18-2-310.01.B.4]

(5) Nature and cause of such emissions;

[A.A.C. R18-2-310.01.B.5]

(6) If the excess emissions were the result of a malfunction, steps taken to remedy the malfunction and the steps taken or planned to prevent the recurrence of such malfunctions;

[A.A.C. R18-2-310.01.B.6]

(7) Steps that were or are being taken to limit the excess emissions; and

[A.A.C. R18-2-310.01.B.7]

(8) If the excess emissions resulted from startup or malfunction, the report shall contain a list of the steps taken to comply with any permit procedures governing source operation during periods of startup or malfunction.

[A.A.C. R18-2-310.01.B.8]

2. In the case of continuous or recurring excess emissions, the notification requirements shall be satisfied if the source provides the required notification after excess emissions are first detected and includes in such notification an estimate of the time the excess emissions will continue. Excess emissions occurring after the estimated time period, or changes in the nature of the emissions as originally reported, shall require additional notification pursuant to Condition XI.A.1 above.

[A.A.C. R18-2-310.01.C]

**B.** Permit Deviations Reporting



The Permittee shall promptly report deviations from permit requirements, including those attributable to upset conditions as defined in the permit, the probable cause of such deviations, and any corrective actions or preventive measures taken. Where the applicable requirement contains a definition of prompt or otherwise specifies a timeframe for reporting deviations, that definition or timeframe shall govern. Where the applicable requirement does not address the timeframe for reporting deviations, the Permittee shall submit reports of deviations according to the following schedule:

1. Notice that complies with Condition XI.A.1 above is prompt for deviations that constitute excess emissions;

[A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.5.b.i]

2. Except as provided in Conditions XI.B.1 and Error! Reference source not found. above, prompt notification of all other types of deviations shall be every 6-months, concurrent with the semi-annual compliance certifications required in Section VII, and can be submitted via the "Annual/Semiannual Deviation Monitoring Report" form available on the Arizona Department of Environmental Quality Website.

[A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.5.b.ii]

# **C.** Emergency Provision

1. An "emergency" means any situation arising from sudden and reasonably unforeseeable events beyond the control of the source, including acts of God, that require immediate corrective action to restore normal operation, and that causes the source to exceed a technology-based emission limitation under the permit, due to unavoidable increases in emissions attributable to the emergency. An emergency shall not include noncompliance to the extent caused by improperly designed equipment, lack of preventative maintenance, careless or improper operation, or operator error.

[A.A.C. R18-2-306.E.1]

2. An emergency constitutes an affirmative defense to an action brought for noncompliance with technology-based emission limitations if Condition XI.C.3 below is met.

[A.A.C. R18-2-306.E.2]

3. The affirmative defense of emergency shall be demonstrated through properly signed, contemporaneous operating logs, or other relevant evidence that:

[A.A.C. R18-2-306.E.3]

a. An emergency occurred and that the Permittee can identify the cause(s) of the emergency;

[A.A.C. R18-2-306.E.3.a]

b. The permitted facility was being properly operated at the time of the emergency;

[A.A.C. R18-2-306.E.3.b]

c. During the period of the emergency, the Permittee took all reasonable steps to minimize levels of emissions that exceeded the emissions standards or other requirements in the permit; and



[A.A.C. R18-2-306.E.3.c]

d. The Permittee submitted notice of the emergency to the Director by certified mail, facsimile, or hand delivery within two working days of the time when emission limitations were exceeded due to the emergency. This notice shall contain a description of the emergency, any steps taken to mitigate emissions, and corrective action taken.

[A.A.C. R18-2-306.E.3.d]

4. In any enforcement proceeding, the Permittee seeking to establish the occurrence of an emergency has the burden of proof.

[A.A.C. R18-2-306.E.4]

5. This provision is in addition to any emergency or upset provision contained in any applicable requirement.

[A.A.C. R18-2-306.E.5]

# **D.** Compliance Schedule

For any excess emission or permit deviation that cannot be corrected within 72 hours, the Permittee is required to submit a compliance schedule to the Director within 21 days of such occurrence. The compliance schedule shall include a schedule of remedial measures, including an enforceable sequence of actions with milestones, leading to compliance with the permit terms or conditions that have been violated.

[ARS § 49-426.I.3]

- **E.** Affirmative Defenses for Excess Emissions Due to Malfunctions, Startup, and Shutdown
  - 1. Applicability

A.A.C. R18-2-310 establishes affirmative defenses for certain emissions in excess of an emission standard or limitation and applies to all emission standards or limitations except for standards or limitations:

a. Promulgated pursuant to Sections 111 or 112 of the Act;

[A.A.C. R18-2-310.A.1]

b. Promulgated pursuant to Titles IV or VI of the Clean Air Act;

[A.A.C. R18-2-310.A.2]

c. Contained in any Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD) or New Source Review (NSR) permit issued by the U.S. EPA;

[A.A.C. R18-2-310.A.3]

d. Contained in A.A.C. R18-2-715.F; or

[A.A.C. R18-2-310.A.4]

- e. Included in a permit to meet the requirements of A.A.C. R18-2-406.A.5. [A.A.C. R18-2-310.A.5]
- 2. Affirmative Defense for Malfunctions



Emissions in excess of an applicable emission limitation due to malfunction shall constitute a violation. When emissions in excess of an applicable emission limitation are due to a malfunction, the Permittee has an affirmative defense to a civil or administrative enforcement proceeding based on that violation, other than a judicial action seeking injunctive relief, if the Permittee has complied with the reporting requirements of A.A.C. R18-2-310.01 and has demonstrated all of the following:

[A.A.C. R18-2-310.B]

a. The excess emissions resulted from a sudden and unavoidable breakdown of process equipment or air pollution control equipment beyond the reasonable control of the Permittee:

[A.A.C. R18-2-310.B.1]

b. The air pollution control equipment, process equipment, or processes were at all times maintained and operated in a manner consistent with good practice for minimizing emissions;

[A.A.C. R18-2-310.B.2]

c. If repairs were required, the repairs were made in an expeditious fashion when the applicable emission limitations were being exceeded. Off-shift labor and overtime were utilized where practicable to ensure that the repairs were made as expeditiously as possible. If off-shift labor and overtime were not utilized, the Permittee satisfactorily demonstrated that the measures were impracticable;

[A.A.C. R18-2-310.B.3]

d. The amount and duration of the excess emissions (including any bypass operation) were minimized to the maximum extent practicable during periods of such emissions;

[A.A.C. R18-2-310.B.4]

e. All reasonable steps were taken to minimize the impact of the excess emissions on ambient air quality;

[A.A.C. R18-2-310.B.5]

f. The excess emissions were not part of a recurring pattern indicative of inadequate design, operation, or maintenance;

[A.A.C. R18-2-310.B.6]

g. During the period of excess emissions there were no exceedances of the relevant ambient air quality standards established in Title 18, Chapter 2, Article 2 of the Arizona Administrative Code that could be attributed to the emitting source;

[A.A.C. R18-2-310.B.7]

h. The excess emissions did not stem from any activity or event that could have been foreseen and avoided, or planned, and could not have been avoided by better operations and maintenance practices;

[A.A.C. R18-2-310.B.8]



i. All emissions monitoring systems were kept in operation if at all practicable; and

[A.A.C. R18-2-310.B.9]

j. The Permittee's actions in response to the excess emissions were documented by contemporaneous records.

[A.A.C. R18-2-310.B.10]

- 3. Affirmative Defense for Startup and Shutdown
  - a. Except as provided in Condition XI.E.3.b below, and unless otherwise provided for in the applicable requirement, emissions in excess of an applicable emission limitation due to startup and shutdown shall constitute a violation. When emissions in excess of an applicable emission limitation are due to startup and shutdown, the Permittee has an affirmative defense to a civil or administrative enforcement proceeding based on that violation, other than a judicial action seeking injunctive relief, if the Permittee has complied with the reporting requirements of A.A.C. R18-2-310.01 and has demonstrated all of the following:

[A.A.C. R18-2-310.C.1]

(1) The excess emissions could not have been prevented through careful and prudent planning and design;

[A.A.C. R18-2-310.C.1.a]

(2) If the excess emissions were the result of a bypass of control equipment, the bypass was unavoidable to prevent loss of life, personal injury, or severe damage to air pollution control equipment, production equipment, or other property;

[A.A.C. R18-2-310.C.1.b]

(3) The air pollution control equipment, process equipment, or processes were at all times maintained and operated in a manner consistent with good practice for minimizing emissions;

[A.A.C. R18-2-310.C.1.c]

(4) The amount and duration of the excess emissions (including any bypass operation) were minimized to the maximum extent practicable during periods of such emissions;

[A.A.C. R18-2-310.C.1.d]

(5) All reasonable steps were taken to minimize the impact of the excess emissions on ambient air quality;

[A.A.C. R18-2-310.C.1.e]

(6) During the period of excess emissions there were no exceedances of the relevant ambient air quality standards established in Title 18, Chapter 2, Article 2 of the Arizona Administrative Code that could be attributed to the emitting source;

[A.A.C. R18-2-310.C.1.f]



(7) All emissions monitoring systems were kept in operation if at all practicable; and

[A.A.C. R18-2-310.C.1.g]

(8) Contemporaneous records documented the Permittee's actions in response to the excess emissions.

[A.A.C. R18-2-310.C.1.h]

b. If excess emissions occur due to a malfunction during routine startup and shutdown, then those instances shall be treated as other malfunctions subject to Condition XI.E.2 above.

[A.A.C. R18-2-310.C.2]

4. Affirmative Defense for Malfunctions during Scheduled Maintenance

If excess emissions occur due to a malfunction during scheduled maintenance, then those instances will be treated as other malfunctions subject to Condition XI.E.2 above.

[A.A.C. R18-2-310.D]

5. Demonstration of Reasonable and Practicable Measures

For an affirmative defense under Condition XI.E.2 or XI.E.3, the Permittee shall demonstrate, through submission of the data and information required by this Condition XI.E and Condition XI.A.1 above, that all reasonable and practicable measures within the Permittee's control were implemented to prevent the occurrence of the excess emissions.

[A.A.C. R18-2-310.E]

# XII. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS

**A.** The Permittee shall keep records of all required monitoring information including, but not limited to, the following:

[A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.4.a]

- 1. The date, place as defined in the permit, and time of sampling or measurements; [A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.4.a.i]
- 2. The date(s) any analyses were performed;

[A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.4.a.ii]

3. The name of the company or entity that performed the analyses;

[A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.4.a.iii]

4. A description of the analytical techniques or methods used;

[A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.4.a.iv]

5. The results of analyses; and

[A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.4.a.v]

6. The operating conditions as existing at the time of sampling or measurement.

[A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.4.a.vi]



**B.** The Permittee shall retain records of all required monitoring data and support information for a period of at least five (5) years from the date of the monitoring sample, measurement, report, or application. Support information includes all calibration and maintenance records and all original strip-chart recordings or other data recordings for continuous monitoring instrumentation, and copies of all reports required by the permit.

[A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.4.b]

## XIII. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

The Permittee shall submit the following reports:

**A.** Compliance certifications in accordance with Section VII above.

[A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.5.a]

**B.** Excess emission; permit deviation, and emergency reports in accordance with Section XI above.

[A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.5.b]

**C.** Other reports required by any condition of Attachment "B".

### XIV. DUTY TO PROVIDE INFORMATION

A. The Permittee shall furnish to the Director, within a reasonable time, any information that the Director may request in writing to determine whether cause exists for revising, revoking and reissuing, or terminating the permit, or to determine compliance with the permit. Upon request, the Permittee shall also furnish to the Director copies of records required to be kept by the permit. For information claimed to be confidential, the Permittee shall furnish an additional copy of such records directly to the Administrator along with a claim of confidentiality.

[A.A.C. R18-2-304.G and -306.A.8.e]

**B.** If the Permittee has failed to submit any relevant facts or has submitted incorrect information in the permit application, the Permittee shall, upon becoming aware of such failure or incorrect submittal, promptly submit such supplementary facts or corrected information.

[A.A.C. R18-2-304.H]

## XV. PERMIT AMENDMENT OR REVISION

The Permittee shall apply for a permit amendment or revision for changes to the facility which do not qualify for a facility change without revision under Section XVI below, as follows:

**A.** Administrative Permit Amendment (A.A.C. R18-2-318);

[A.A.C. R18-2-318]

**B.** Minor Permit Revision (A.A.C. R18-2-319); and

[A.A.C. R18-2-319]

C. Significant Permit Revision (A.A.C. R18-2-320)

[A.A.C. R18-2-320]



**D.** The applicability and requirements for such action are defined in the above referenced regulations.

### XVI. FACILITY CHANGE WITHOUT A PERMIT REVISION

**A.** The Permittee may make changes that contravene an express permit term without a permit revision if all of the following apply:

[A.A.C. R18-2-317]

1. The changes are not modifications under any provision of Title I of the Act or under ARS § 49-401.01(24);

[A.A.C. R18-2-317.A.1]

2. The changes do not exceed the emissions allowable under the permit whether expressed therein as a rate of emissions or in terms of total emissions;

[A.A.C. R18-2-317.A.2]

3. The changes do not violate any applicable requirements or trigger any additional applicable requirements;

[A.A.C. R18-2-317.A.3]

4. The changes satisfy all requirements for a minor permit revision under A.A.C. R18-2-319.A;

[A.A.C. R18-2-317.A.4]

5. The changes do not contravene federally enforceable permit terms and conditions that are monitoring (including test methods), record keeping, reporting, or compliance certification requirements; and

[A.A.C. R18-2-317.A.5]

6. The changes do not constitute a minor NSR modification.

[A.A.C. R18-2-317.A.6]

**B.** The substitution of an item of process or pollution control equipment for an identical or substantially similar item of process or pollution control equipment shall qualify as a change that does not require a permit revision, if it meets all of the requirements of Conditions XVI.A, C, and D of this Attachment.

[A.A.C. R18-2-317.B]

C. For each change under Conditions XVI.A and XVI.B above, a written notice by certified mail or hand delivery shall be received by the Director and the Administrator a minimum of 7 working days in advance of the change. Notifications of changes associated with emergency conditions, such as malfunctions necessitating the replacement of equipment, may be provided less than 7 working days in advance of the change, but must be provided as far in advance of the change, as possible or, if advance notification is not practicable, as soon after the change as possible.

[A.A.C. R18-2-317.D]

- **D.** Each notification shall include:
  - 1. When the proposed change will occur;



[A.A.C. R18-2-317.E.1]

2. A description of the change;

[A.A.C. R18-2-317.E.2]

3. Any change in emissions of regulated air pollutants; and

[A.A.C. R18-2-317.E.3]

- 4. Any permit term or condition that is no longer applicable as a result of the change. [A.A.C. R18-2-317.E.7]
- **E.** The permit shield described in A.A.C. R18-2-325 shall not apply to any change made under this Section XVI.

[A.A.C. R18-2-317.F]

**F.** Except as otherwise provided for in the permit, making a change from one alternative operating scenario to another as provided under A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.11 shall not require any prior notice under this Section XVI.

[A.A.C. R18-2-317.G]

G. Notwithstanding any other part of Section XVI, the Director may require a permit to be revised for any change that, when considered together with any other changes submitted by the same source under Section XVI over the term of the permit, do not satisfy Condition XVI.A above.

[A.A.C. R18-2-317.H]

### XVII. TESTING REQUIREMENTS

[A.A.C. R18-2-312]

- **A.** Except as provided in Condition XVII.F below, the Permittee shall conduct performance tests as specified in the permit and at such other times as may be required by the Director. [A.A.C. R18-2-312.A]
- **B.** Operational Conditions during Performance Testing

Performance tests shall be conducted under such conditions as the Director shall specify to the plant operator based on representative performance of the source. The Permittee shall make available to the Director such records as may be necessary to determine the conditions of the performance tests. Operations during periods of start-up, shutdown, and malfunction (as defined in A.A.C. R18-2-101) shall not constitute representative conditions of performance tests unless otherwise specified in the applicable standard.

[A.A.C. R18-2-312.C]

C. Performance Tests shall be conducted and data reduced in accordance with the test methods and procedures contained in the Arizona Testing Manual unless modified by the Director pursuant to A.A.C. R18-2-312.B.

[A.A.C. R18-2-312.B]

**D.** Test Plan



At least 14 working days prior to performing a test, the Permittee shall submit a test plan to the Director, which must include the following, in addition to all other applicable requirements, as identified in the Arizona Testing Manual:

[A.A.C. R18-2-312.B]

- 1. Test duration;
- 2. Test location(s);
- 3. Test method(s); and
- 4. Source operation and other parameters that may affect test results.

### **E.** Stack Sampling Facilities

The Permittee shall provide, or cause to be provided, performance testing facilities as follows:

[A.A.C. R18-2-312.E]

- 1. Sampling ports adequate for test methods applicable to the facility;
- 2. Safe sampling platform(s);
- 3. Safe access to sampling platform(s); and
- 4. Utilities for sampling and testing equipment.

# **F.** Interpretation of Final Results

Each performance test shall consist of three separate runs using the applicable test method. Each run shall be conducted for the time and under the conditions specified in the applicable standard. For the purpose of determining compliance with an applicable standard, the arithmetic mean of the results of the three runs shall apply. In the event that a sample is accidentally lost or conditions occur in which one of the three runs is required to be discontinued because of forced shutdown, failure of an irreplaceable portion of the sample train, extreme meteorological conditions, or other circumstances beyond the Permittee's control, compliance may, upon the Director's approval, be determined using the arithmetic mean of the results of the other two runs. If the Director or the Director's designee is present, tests may only be stopped with the Director's or such designee's approval. If the Director or the Director's designee is not present, tests may only be stopped for good cause. Good cause includes: forced shutdown, failure of an irreplaceable portion of the sample train, extreme meteorological conditions, or other circumstances beyond the Permittee's control. Termination of any test without good cause after the first run is commenced shall constitute a failure of the test. Supporting documentation, which demonstrates good cause, must be submitted.

[A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.3.c and A.A.C. R18-2-312.F]

### **G.** Report of Final Test Results

A written report of the results of performance tests conducted pursuant to 40 CFR 63, shall be submitted to the Director within 60 days after the test is performed. A written report of



the results of all other performance tests shall be submitted within 4 weeks after the completion of the testing as specified in the Arizona Testing Manual. All performance testing reports shall be submitted in accordance with the Arizona Testing Manual and A.A.C. R18-2-312.A.

[A.A.C. R18-2-312.A and B]

### **H.** Extension of Performance Test Deadline

For performance testing required under Condition XVII.A above, the Permittee may request an extension to a performance test deadline due to a force majeure event as follows:

[A.A.C. R18-2-312.J]

1. If a force majeure event is about to occur, occurs, or has occurred for which the Permittee intends to assert a claim of force majeure, the Permittee shall notify the Director in writing as soon as practicable following the date the Permittee first knew, or through due diligence should have known that the event may cause or caused a delay in testing beyond the regulatory deadline. The notification must occur before the performance test deadline unless the initial force majeure or a subsequent force majeure event delays the notice, and in such cases, the notification shall be given as soon as practicable.

[A.A.C. R18-2-312.J.1]

2. The Permittee shall provide to the Director a written description of the force majeure event and a rationale for attributing the delay in testing beyond the regulatory deadline to the force majeure; describe the measures taken or to be taken to minimize the delay; and identify a date by which the Permittee proposes to conduct the performance test. The performance test shall be conducted as soon as practicable after the force majeure event occurs.

[A.A.C. R18-2-312.J.2]

3. The decision as to whether or not to grant an extension to the performance test deadline is solely within the discretion of the Director. The Director shall notify the Permittee in writing of approval or disapproval of the request for an extension as soon as practicable.

[A.A.C. R18-2-312.J.3]

4. Until an extension of the performance test deadline has been approved by the Director under Conditions XVII.H.1, 2, and 3 above, the Permittee remains subject to the requirements of Section XVII.

[A.A.C. R18-2-312.J.4]

5. For purposes of this Section XVII, a "force majeure event" means an event that will be or has been caused by circumstances beyond the control of the Permittee, its contractors, or any entity controlled by the Permittee that prevents it from complying with the regulatory requirement to conduct performance tests within the specified timeframe despite the Permittee's best efforts to fulfill the obligation. Examples of such events are acts of nature, acts of war or terrorism, or equipment failure or safety hazard beyond the control of the Permittee.

[A.A.C. R18-2-312.J.5]



This permit does not convey any property rights of any sort, or any exclusive privilege.

[A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.8.d]

### XIX. SEVERABILITY CLAUSE

The provisions of this permit are severable. In the event of a challenge to any portion of this permit, or if any portion of this permit is held invalid, the remaining permit conditions remain valid and in force.

[A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.7]

#### XX. PERMIT SHIELD

Compliance with the conditions of this permit shall be deemed compliance with all applicable requirements identified in the portions of this permit subtitled "Permit Shield". The permit shield shall not apply to minor revisions pursuant to Condition XV.B of this Attachment and any facility changes without a permit revision pursuant to Condition XVI of this Attachment.

[A.A.C. R18-2-317.F, - 320, and -325]

#### XXI. PROTECTION OF STRATOSPHERIC OZONE

If this source becomes subject to the provisions of 40 CFR Part 82, then the Permittee shall comply with these provisions accordingly.

[40 CFR Part 82]

#### XXII. APPLICABILITY OF NSPS/NESHAP GENERAL PROVISIONS

For all equipment subject to a New Source Performance Standard or a National Emission Standard for Hazardous Air Pollutants, the Permittee shall comply with all applicable requirements contained in Subpart A of Title 40, Chapter 60 and Chapter 63 of the Code of Federal Regulations.

[40 CFR Part 60 Subpart A and Part 63 Subpart A]



### ATTACHMENT "B": SPECIFIC CONDITIONS

# I. FACILITY-WIDE REQUIREMENTS

### **A.** Opacity

- 1. The Permittee shall have on-site or on-call a person certified in EPA Reference Method 9 unless all six-minute observations and instantaneous visual surveys required by this permit are conducted by Alternative Method-082 (Digital Camera Operating Technique). If the Permittee elects to use Method ALT-082 to conduct all six-minute observations and instantaneous visual surveys, the Permittee shall be certified in the use of ALT-082. The result of six-minute observation or instantaneous visual survey shall be obtained within 2 hours of completing the six-minute observation or instantaneous visual survey.
- 2. Monitoring, Recordkeeping, and Reporting Requirements

[A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.3.c]

- a. At the frequency specified in the following sections of this permit, the Permittee shall conduct an instantaneous survey of visible emissions from emission sources, when in operation.
- b. If the visible emissions on an instantaneous basis appears less than or equal to the applicable opacity standard, then the Permittee shall keep a record of the name of the observer, the date on which the instantaneous survey was made, and the results of the instantaneous survey.
- c. If the visible emissions on an instantaneous basis appears greater than the applicable opacity standard, then the Permittee shall immediately conduct a six-minute observation of the visible emissions.
  - (1) If the six-minute observation of the visible emissions is less than or equal to the applicable opacity standard, then the Permittee shall record the name of the observer, the date on which the six-minute observation was made, and the results of the six-minute observation.
  - (2) If the six-minute observation of the visible emissions is greater than the applicable opacity standard, then the Permittee shall do the following:
    - (a) Adjust or repair the controls or equipment to reduce opacity to less than or equal to the opacity standard;
    - (b) Record the name of the observer, the date on which the six-minute observation was made, the results of the six-minute observation, and all corrective action taken; and
    - (c) Report the event as an excess emission for opacity in accordance with Condition XI.A of Attachment "A".



(d) Conduct another six-minute observation to document the effectiveness of the adjustments or repairs completed.

# II. RECIPROCATING ENGINES SUBJECT TO STATE REGULATIONS

#### **A.** Applicability

This Section is applicable to the Equipment ID #s B-1 to B-5 and Aux-1 listed in the Equipment List, Attachment "C".

#### **B.** Fuel Limitation

The Permittee shall only combust natural gas as the fuel in the reciprocating engines.

[A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.2]

### C. Particulate Matter

#### 1. Emission Limitation

a. The Permittee shall not cause, allow or permit the emission of particulate matter, caused by combustion of fuel, from the reciprocating engines in excess of the amounts calculated by the following equation:

 $E = 1.020^{0.769}$ 

### Where:

E = the maximum allowable particulate emissions rate in pounds-mass per hour;

Q = the heat input in million Btu per hour.

[A.A.C. R18-2-719.C.1]

b. For the purposes of Condition II.C.1.a above, the heat input shall be the aggregate heat content of all fuels whose products of combustion pass through a stack or other outlet. Compliance tests shall be conducted during operation at the normal rated capacity of each unit. The total heat input of all the stationary rotating machinery on a plant or premises shall be used for determining the maximum allowable amount of particulate matter which may be emitted.

[A.A.C. R18-2-719.B]

### 2. Monitoring Recordkeeping and Reporting Requirements

The Permittee shall keep records of a current, valid purchase contract, tariff sheet or transportation contract. The records shall contain information regarding the lower heating value of the fuel.

[A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.3.c and -719.I]



### 3. Permit Shield

Compliance with Condition II.C shall be deemed compliance with A.A.C.R18-2-719.B, C.1, and I.

[A.A.C. R18-2-325]

## **D.** Opacity

#### 1. Emission Limitation

The Permittee shall not cause, allow or permit to be emitted into the atmosphere, from the reciprocating engines, smoke for any period of time greater than ten consecutive seconds, which exceeds 40 percent opacity. Visible emissions when starting cold equipment shall be exempt from this requirement for the first ten minutes.

[A.A.C. R18-2-719.E]

#### 2. Permit Shield

Compliance with Condition II.D shall be deemed compliance with A.A.C. R18-2-719.E.

[A.A.C. R18-2-325]

### **E.** Nitrogen Oxides (NOx)

1. A performance test for NOx shall be conducted on each of the reciprocating engines within the first year of the permit term, except for the Ingersoll-Rand emergency generator. If the engine is not operated in the first year, the performance test for NOx shall be conducted within 6 months of startup.

[A.A.C. R18-2-312]

- 2. The Permittee shall use EPA Reference Method 7 to determine NOx emissions.
  [A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.3.c and -312]
- 3. The Permittee may submit an alternate and equivalent test method(s) that is listed in 40 CFR Subpart 60, Appendix A to the Director in any test plan for approval by the Director.

[A.A.C. R18-2-312]

#### III. GAS TURBINE ENGINES

#### **A.** Applicability

This section applies to the GE gas turbine (C-1) and Solar gas turbine generator (Aux-2) listed in Equipment List, Attachment "C".

### **B.** Nitrogen Oxides

1. Emission Limitation/Standard



The Permittee shall not cause to be discharged into the atmosphere from the stack of the Solar and GE turbine engines any gases, which contain NOx in excess of that, calculated from the following equation:

$$STD = 0.0150 \frac{(14.4)}{Y} + F$$

where:

STD = allowable NOx emissions (percent by volume at 15 percent oxygen and on a dry basis)

Y = Manufacturer's rated heat rate at manufacturer's rated peak load (kilojoules per watt hour), or actual measured heat rate based on lower heating value of fuel as measured at actual peak load for the facility. The value of Y shall not exceed 14.4 kilojoules per watt hour.

F = NOx emission allowance for fuel-bound nitrogen as defined in 40 CFR 60.332(a)(4).

[40 CFR 60.332(a)(2) and (c)]

# 2. Performance Testing Requirement

The Permittee shall conduct either EPA Reference Method 7E or EPA Reference Method 20 performance tests annually for NOx emissions from the gas turbines (GE and Solar) to determine compliance with the limit specified in Condition III.C.1. The Permittee shall follow the procedures outlined in 40 CFR 60.335 for the performance tests.

[A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.3.c and -312]

# 3. Permit Shield

Compliance with Condition III.B shall be deemed compliance with 40 CFR 60.332(a)(2) and (c).

[A.A.C. R18-2-325]

## C. Fuel Limitation/Sulfur Dioxide

#### 1. Emission Limitation/Standard

[40 CFR 60.333(b)]

The Permittee shall not burn in any stationary gas turbine any fuel which contains total sulfur in excess of 0.8 percent by weight (8000 ppmw).

# 2. Monitoring and Record Keeping Requirements

The Permittee shall demonstrate compliance with the sulfur limit in Condition III.C.1 above by demonstrating that the gaseous fuel burned in the gas turbine meets the definition of "natural gas" in 40 CFR 60.331(u) by maintaining a current, valid purchase contract, tariff sheet, or transportation contract for the gaseous fuel,



specifying that the maximum total sulfur content of the fuel is 20 grains/100 scf or less.

[40 CFR 60.334(h)(3)(i)]

3. Permit Shield

[A.A.C. R18-2-325]

Compliance with Condition III.C shall be deemed compliance with 40 CFR 60.333(b) and 334(h)(3)(i).

## IV. FUGITIVE DUST REQUIREMENTS

**A.** Applicability

This section applies to any non-point source of fugitive dust in the facility.

**B.** Particulate Matter and Opacity

Open Areas, Roadways & Streets, Storage Piles, and Material Handling

- 1. Emission Limitations and Standards
  - a. Opacity of emissions from any fugitive dust non-point source shall not be greater than 40%.

[A.A.C. R18-2-614]

- b. The Permittee shall employ the following reasonable precautions to prevent excessive amounts of particulate matter from becoming airborne:
  - (1) For a building or its appurtenances, or a building or subdivision site, or a driveway, or a parking area, or a vacant lot or sales lot, or an urban or suburban open area to be constructed, used, altered, repaired, demolished, cleared, or leveled, or the earth to be moved or excavated, keep dust and other types of air contaminants to a minimum by good modern practices such as using an approved dust suppressant or adhesive soil stabilizer, paving, covering, landscaping, continuous wetting, detouring, barring access, or other acceptable means;

[A.A.C. R18-2-604.A]

(2) Keep dust to a minimum from vacant lots or an urban or suburban open area where motor vehicular activity occurs by using an approved dust suppressant, or adhesive soil stabilizer, or by paving, or by barring access to the property, or by other acceptable means;

[A.A.C. R18-2-604.B]

(3) Keep dust and other particulates to a minimum by employing dust suppressants, temporary paving, detouring, wetting down or by other reasonable means when a roadway or alley is used, repaired, constructed, or reconstructed;



[A.A.C. R18-2-605.A]

(4) Take reasonable precautions, such as wetting, applying dust suppressants, or covering the load when transporting material likely to give rise to airborne dust. Earth or other material that is deposited by trucking or earth moving equipment shall be removed from paved streets by the person responsible for such deposits.

[A.A.C. R18-2-605.B]

(5) Take reasonable precautions, such as wetting, applying dust suppressants, or covering the load when transporting material likely to give rise to airborne dust. Earth or other material that is deposited by trucking or earth moving equipment shall be removed from paved streets by the person responsible for such deposits.

[A.A.C. R18-2-606]

- (6) Take reasonable precautions such as chemical stabilization, wetting, or covering when organic or inorganic dust producing material is being stacked, piled, or otherwise stored to prevent excessive amounts of particulate matter from becoming airborne;

  [A.A.C. R18-2-607.A]
- (7) Operate stacking and reclaiming machinery utilized at storage piles at all times with a minimum fall of material, or with the use of spray bars and wetting agents to prevent excessive amounts of particulate matter from becoming airborne;

[A.A.C. R18-2-607.B]

(8) Any other method as proposed by the Permittee and approved by the Director.

[A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.3.c]

2. Air Pollution Control Requirements

Haul Roads and Storage Piles

Water, or an equivalent control, shall be used to control visible emissions from haul roads and storage piles.

[A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.2 and -331.A.3.d]

[Material Permit Condition is indicated by underline and italics]

3. Monitoring and Recordkeeping Requirements

The Permittee shall maintain records of the dates on which any of the activities listed in Condition IV.B.1.b above were performed and the control measures that were adopted.

[A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.3.c]

### C. Permit Shield



Compliance with the conditions of Section IV shall be deemed compliance with A.A.C. R18-2-604. -605, -606, 607, -608, -614, and -804.B.

#### V. OTHER PERIODIC ACTIVITIES

#### **A.** Abrasive Blasting

- 1. Particulate Matter and Opacity
  - a. Emission Limitations/Standards
    - (1) The Permittee shall not cause or allow sandblasting or other abrasive blasting without minimizing dust emissions to the atmosphere through the use of good modern practices. Good modern practices include:
    - (2) Wet blasting;
    - (3) Effective enclosures with necessary dust collecting equipment; or
    - (4) Any other method approved by the Director.

[A.A.C. R18-2-726]

# b. Opacity

The Permittee shall not cause, allow or permit visible emissions from sandblasting or other abrasive blasting operations in excess of 20% opacity.

[A.A.C. R18-2-702.B.3]

# 2. Monitoring and Recordkeeping Requirement

Each time an abrasive blasting project is conducted, the Permittee shall make a record of the following:

- a. The date the project was conducted;
- b. The duration of the project; and
- c. Type of control measures employed.

[A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.3.c]

#### 3. Permit Shield

Compliance with Condition V.A of Attachment "B" shall be deemed compliance with A.A.C. R18-2-702.B.3 and -726.

[A.A.C.R18-2-325]

#### **B.** Use of Paints

1. Volatile Organic Compounds



### a. Emission Limitations/Standards

While performing spray painting operations, the Permittee shall comply with the following requirements:

- (1) The Permittee shall not conduct or cause to be conducted any spray painting operation without minimizing organic solvent emissions. Such operations, other than architectural coating and spot painting, shall be conducted in an enclosed area equipped with controls containing no less than 96 percent of the overspray.

  [A.A.C.R18-2-727.A]
- (2) The Permittee or their designated contractor shall not either:
  - (a) Employ, apply, evaporate, or dry any architectural coating containing photochemically reactive solvents for industrial or commercial purposes; or
  - (b) Thin or dilute any architectural coating with a photochemically reactive solvent.

[A.A.C.R18-2-727.B]

- (3) For the purposes of Condition V.B.1.a(1), a photochemically reactive solvent shall be any solvent with an aggregate of more than 20 percent of its total volume composed of the chemical compounds classified in Condition V.B.1.a(2), or which exceeds any of the following percentage composition limitations, referred to the total volume of solvent:
  - (a) A combination of the following types of compounds having an olefinic or cyclo-olefinic type of unsaturation-hydrocarbons, alcohols, aldehydes, esters, ethers, or ketones: 5 percent.
  - (b) A combination of aromatic compounds with eight or more carbon atoms to the molecule except ethylbenzene: 8 percent.
  - (c) A combination of ethylbenzene, ketones having branched hydrocarbon structures, trichloroethylene or toluene: 20 percent.

[A.A.C.R18-2-727.C]

(4) Whenever any organic solvent or any constituent of an organic solvent may be classified from its chemical structure into more than one of the groups of organic compounds described in Condition V.B.1.a(2), it shall be considered to be a member of the group having the least allowable percent of the total volume of solvents.

[A.A.C.R18-2-727.D]



# b. Monitoring and Recordkeeping Requirements

- (1) Each time a spray painting project is conducted, the Permittee shall make a record of the following:
  - (a) The date the project was conducted;
  - (b) The duration of the project;
  - (c) Type of control measures employed;
  - (d) Safety Data Sheets (SDS) for all paints and solvents used in the project; and
  - (e) The amount of paint consumed during the project.
- (2) Architectural coating and spot painting projects shall be exempt from the recordkeeping requirements of Condition V.B.1.b(1).

[A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.3.c]

### c. Permit Shield

(1) Compliance with Condition V.B.1 of Attachment "B" shall be deemed compliance with A.A.C.R18-2-727.

[A.A.C.R18-2-325]

### 2. Opacity

a. Emission Limitation/Standard

The Permittee shall not cause, allow or permit visible emissions from painting operations in excess of 20% opacity.

[A.A.C. R18-2-702.B.3]

b. Permit Shield

Compliance with Condition V.B.2.a of Attachment "B" shall be deemed compliance with A.A.C.R18-2-702.B.3.

[A.A.C. R18-2-325]

# C. Demolition/Renovation - Hazardous Air Pollutants

1. Emission Limitation/Standard

The Permittee shall comply with all of the applicable requirements of 40 CFR 61 Subpart M (National Emissions Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants - Asbestos).

[A.A.C. R18-2-1101.A.12]

2. Monitoring and Recordkeeping Requirement



The Permittee shall keep all required records in a file. The required records shall include the "NESHAP Notification for Renovation and Demolition Activities" form and all supporting documents.

[A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.3.c]

# 3. Permit Shield

Compliance with Condition V.C of Attachment "B" shall be deemed compliance with A.A.C. R18-2-1101.A.12.

[A.A.C. R18-2-325]



# ATTACHMENT "C": EQUIPMENT LIST

Equipment Type	Max Capacity*	Make	Model	Serial/ SKID Number	Installation/ MFG. Date	Equipment ID Number	NSPS/NESHAP Applicable
Reciprocating Engine	2,000 hp	Clark	TLA-6	73563	1956	B-1	No
Reciprocating Engine	2,000 hp	Clark	TLA-6	73557	1956	B-2	No
Reciprocating Engine	2,000 hp	Clark	TLA-6	73558	1956	B-3	No
Reciprocating Engine	2,000 hp	Clark	TLA-6	73559	1956	B-4	No
Reciprocating Engine	3,400 hp	Clark	TLA-10	79032	1960	B-5	No
Gas Turbine Engine	22,150 hp	General Electric	M5322R	282044	1993	C-1	Yes, NSPS Subpart GG
Emergency Generator	530 hp	Ingersoll -Rand	PSVG-10	10BPS166	1953	Aux-1	No
Gas Turbine Engine Generator	837 hp	Solar	Saturn 10	S423328	1988	Aux-2	Yes, NSPS Subpart GG

<sup>\*</sup>Site Horsepower at 80°F